TIROLER VOLKSTAENZE FOLGE I Tyrolean Folk Dances I and on Taenze der Voelker T 71 653 RECORD: EP 58613 Music and German descriptions in TIROLER VOLKSTAENZE, Dr. Karl Horak.

TRADITIONAL FORM MUEHLRAD MILLWHEEL eight couples in open position, standing one behind the FORMATION: other

2/4' Walk in LOD, forming circle, inside hands joined MEASURES 1-8 free hand of W on apron or skirt, M's free hand hangs or if he wears suspenders, is tucked into the suspender. "KLAPPERN" that means M swing free foot forward in such a way that heel hits the floor, making a noise, before ptting the foot down, hard, so that may also be heard, at end join both

1-8(repetition) hands with partners, M back to center, W facing him, and close circle by stretching arms and joining up with neighboring couples. Move in CCW direction (LOD) with "Klappern"

Couples turn 1/2 CW, M is now on outside, facing center 9-16 and keep moving CCW in LOD, release hand hold, W form a circle

9-16 (repetition) and M form a circle each MEN CIRCLE CCW, WOMEN CW MEN "KLAPPERN"; end opposite partner, face on the line of the circle

17-24(with repetition) GRAND RIGHT AND LEFT WITH HAND TOUR RIGHT AND LEFT WITHOUT "KLAPPERN" Join right

1-8 (with repetition) hands with partner, underarms are close together and at right angles to the upper arm (elbows about shoulder-high) Stay close together and turn once around, then left hands with next partner and so on until you meet your original partner.

9-16 hook right elbows with partner and left elbows with other dancer, thus forming a "cozy", tight circle, M face in. CIRCLE CCW (4 meas.) The M form "MILL WHEEL by putting their heels to center of circle, straight bodies are supported by the women, who carry them as the circle keeps moving CCW. Last two counts are used for the M to jump up and

9-16 (repetition) form a LEFT HAND STAR, right hand is joined with W's left, walk in LOD, as you keep up the "KLAPPERN".

Couple 1 releases hand hold first, others follows, as W form a right hand star staying close to the star or mill of M.

17-24 (repetition) COG-WHEEL Both mills or stars keep on turning so close together that elbows (M in front of his partner) work like cog-wheels, as FREE HANDS ARE PLACED ON HIPS. WITH "KLAPPERN".

M l joins hands with his partner, all follow suit and

1-8 (repetition) DOUBLE MILL MOVES CCW , M again with "Klappern", W turning CW with small steps and slow turns under joined hands.

9-16 Keep moving CCW, Women reach back and join right hands with the joined hands of the couple behind them. With the last four steps M release left hand hold in center, turning CW as a couple until W are in-side and can form a

9-16 (repetition) <u>RIGHT HAND STAR</u> which now moves CW Men keep up the "KLAPPERN"

17-24 Release Star formation, move a little away from center and keep promenading CW (with "Klappern") (4 meas.) W on inside; then W turn once under M's right hand, the M kneel down in front of their partners (4 meas.) still on outside of circle.

17-24 (repetition) M get up, take closed position (her hands on his shoulders, his around her shoulder blades)"Dreher" turn CW with

pivot steps.

1-8 in promenade position promenade to seats, led by cpl. l, with "Klappern"

TIROLER VOLKSTAENZE FOLGE I continued ABOUT THE MUEHLRAD ON PRECEDING PAGE Dr. Karl Horak has this to say: " the dance comes from the "Unteren Schranne", the valley of the INN between KUFSTEIN and the Bavarian border; it was probably brought to Austria from Bavaria. Written down in 1942."

And now a simplified form of the old traditional dance, as it is done today by German and Austrian recreational folk dance groups. In the summer of 1956 we have done it at the Jugendleiterschule (Youth Leaders school) Buendheim, Bad Harzburg under the leadership of Dr. Horak. NEUES MUEHLRAD (New Mill Wheel)

FORMATION: E I G H T (or four) couples in a circle MEASURES

Couples, inner hands joined, facing LOD, M on inside, promenade 1-8 (16 steps) in circle. During the last four steps join both hands with partner, MEN ON OUTSIDE, WOMEN ON INSIDE OF CIRCLE stretch arms to the side and join with neighboring couples,

and CIRCLE CCW. Then release hands of partners, Women 1-8

join hands and M join hands . rep.

MOVE IN TWO CONCENTRIC CIRCLES, W CW, MCCW 9-16 If only four couples are dancing, pass partners the first time when eight couples are dancing return to facing partners

9-16 (repetition) Give right hands to partner for a GRAND RIGHT AND LEFT In four-couple circle, pass partner once, in eight couple circle

meet partner first time, then

MEN'S LEFT HAND STAR OR MILL M join left hands in mill formation, 17-24 join right hands with Wos left, she turns CW under lifted hands NOTE: steps are small and turns slow, no pivots. On last four steps W move backwd with a CW turn to the inside and form a

17-24(repetition) WOMEN'S RIGHT HAND STAR OR MILL change to hip-shoulder position - open - as the star moves CW. With last four steps W relase right hand star. The couples make a CW turn, face into LOD, M moves forward to the next W and the dance begins again with the promenade, inner hands joined, moving in LOD.

THERE IS ENOUGH MUSIC ON THE RECORDING FOR THERE E TIMES THROUGH THE DANCE AND A PROMENADE TO SEATS (Meas. 1-8 with repetition)

STUDENTENPOLKA ( student polka) also on record: T 71653

below description as danced at the Jugendleiterschule Buendheim . THREESOMES. ONE M AND TWO WOMEN, FACING LOD

Inner hands are joined, move forward in LOD with small 1-8 3/4 time step-swings (dale-steps) all starting on left foot

M keeps moving forward as W turn (toward M, right W CCW, 9-16

left W CW) one turn with two Laendler steps)

1-8 2/4 time with four small running steps right W moves thru the door formed by M and left W, then left W moves thru the door REPEAT ABOVE. formed by M and right W.

M hooks right elbow with right W, turns and then left elbow 9-16 hook with left W, four running steps each. "Lone" W turns by herself, in the same direction as when turning with M REPEAT ABOVE.

START THE DANCE FROM THE BEGINNING.

Dance form as described on record and in Dr. K. Horak's book.

1-16 3/4 time; step-swings , starting on 1. foot, moving in LOD 1-16 2/4 time: hook right elbows with right dancer, then left elbows with left dancer, as "lone" W turns in place, as described

in 9-16 but four times. above