Tsirigótikos

(Greece)

Tsirigótikos ("tsi-ree-GHOH-tee-kohs") is a syrtos from the Ionic island of Kytherá. A faster and more energetic version is done on the Cyclades islands.

Formation: Open circle, leader on R with shoulder hold ("T").

Style: Sedate.

METER: 4/4 PATTERN

Meas

I. Figure 1 (Basic step – on verse)

- Facing slightly R and moving to the R: step on R ft back and to the R (1), step on L twd ctr in front of R (&), repeat (2&), step on R ft to R (3), lift L ft very low in front of R ft (&), turning slightly L of ctr, step on L ft to L (4), lift R ft very low in front of L (&).
- 2 Repeat meas 1

II. Figure 2 (fancy step – on refrain)

- Repeat cts 1&2& of Fig 1 (1&2&), turning to face slightly L of ctr, small leap onto R ft to R while bringing L ft to position lifted behind R ft (3), step to L on ball of L ft (&), step on R ft crossed in front of L (a), step on L ft to L (4), lift R ft very low in front of L (&).
- 2 Repeat meas 1.

Cyclades version of Tsirigótikos (faster music – more energetic dancing)

I. Figure 1 (Basic step – "walking" – on verse)

- Facing diag R and moving to the R: walk 5 steps forward (1&2&3), lift L leg fairly high in front of R, knee slightly bent (&), turning diag L of ctr, step on L ft to L (4), lift R leg fairly high in front of L, knee slightly bent (&).
- 2 Repeat meas 1

II. Figure 2 (fancy step – on refrain)

- Twisting lower body slightly L of ctr, take wt on both feet, about 1 foot apart (1), hop on R ft (&), step on L ft crossed in front of R, lower body is now twisted slightly R of ctr (a), repeat 1&a (2&a), turning to face slightly L of ctr, small leap onto R ft to R while bringing L ft to position lifted behind R ft, knees close together (3), step to L on ball of L ft (&), step on R ft crossed in front of L (a), step on L ft to L (4), lift R ft in front of L (&).
- 2-4 Repeat meas 1 3 more times. (As long as the refrain is played/sung.)

Leader could repeat each figure as many times as he or she pleases, but generally the transitions follow the music so that the more energetic 2^{nd} figure coincides with the more energetic part of the music (the refrain).