

welcome you!

syllabus

2020

Arba Onot (ארבע עונות)

(Israel)

The title *Arba Onot* comes from the chorus of the song, which translates to: *Let us understand that the heart is like nature / There are four seasons*. This is Hebrew wordplay, based on the double meaning of the word *ona* (pl. *onot*), which means both season and heart chamber.



Arranged by: Gadi Bitton Year: 2018

Pronunciation: AR-bah OH-note Translati Four Seasons

on:

Music: 4/4 meter Song title: Le'olamim

Singer: Avi Sinuani (or

Sinvani)

Formation: Circle, hands not held

Steps & Quick, smooth, and graceful

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

8 meas <u>INTRODUCTION</u>. *No action*.

I. FIGURE 1: LE'OLAMIM

Right foot free, moving along the counterclockwise line of direction.

- Open R to R side (1), L crosses in front (2). Quick R Yemenite: sway R (3), sway L (&), R crosses in front (4).
- Moving on the clockwise line of direction, turn in 3 steps: left (1), right (&), left (2). Walk on the clockwise line 3 steps: right (3), left (&), right (4).
- Facing the clockwise line, step L slightly to the L and sway on it (1), sway on R in place (2). Moving in toward center: L crosses behind (3), R steps to the side (&), L crosses in front of R while turning \(^1/4\) to face center (4).
- Move backwards 3 steps: R (1), L (&), R (2). Facing the center, step slightly L and sway on L (3), sway in place on R (&), cross L over R and rock on it (4), rock back onto R (&).
- 5 Repeat meas. 1-4 with opposite footwork.

II. CHORUS: ARBA ONOT

Facing center and moving on the counterclockwise line of direction. The tempo is significantly faster than in Figure 1.

- 1 Stomp on R (1) and hold (2). Sway L (3), sway R (4).
- 2 Cross L over R (1), hop on L while traveling on ccw line (2), R to the side (3), L behind (4).
- 3 Step R to R making a ½ turn over the R shoulder to face out (1), L to L side (2), R behind (3), L to side (4).
- Continuing to move along the counterclockwise line, turn $\frac{1}{2}$ over the R shoulder to face in toward the center in 4 steps (1, 2, 3, 4).
- 5-6 Balance R: step R to the R (1), hold (2), L rocks behind (3), rock weight back onto R (4). Balance L (5-8).
- Slow, full turn over the R shoulder in 4 steps: R (1), L (3), R (5), L (7). The turn should be sharp, with your body moving more in a diamond pattern than a circle. *These four steps coincide with the words "arba onot" (four seasons), and thus represent them.*

III. FIGURE 2: INSTRUMENTAL

Moving in toward the center, leading with the R shoulder.

- 1 R to side (1), L behind (2), R behind (3), hold (4).
- Now leading with the L shoulder, still moving in, a grapevine: L to L (1), R behind (2), L to L (3), R in front (4).
- 3 Step on L to the side (1), hold (2), two hops (3, 4) on the L foot making a ½ turn over the L shoulder to face out.
- Sway R to R side (1), sway in place on L (2), cross R over and rock on it (3), rock weight back onto L in place (4).
- 5-7 Repeat meas. 1-3 facing out.
- Facing in toward center, grapevine: R to R (1), L behind (2), R to R (3), L in front (4). Sequence.

Twice through: (I, II, III) To finish: II, both hands up
Presented by Aaron Alpert

Le'olamim ani echtov otach Betoch kol ha'shirim Le'olamim ani ertzeh otach Le'olamim ani askim

She'tisrati li et ha'lev Le'od ke'ev mimech le'olamim Gam im ha'olam ha'zeh yitafech Niyeh le'olamim

Chorus

Mi

Yiten she'batov ve'barah nizdaken She'nada le'taken ve'lichbnot She'navin she'halev k'mo la'teva

Yesh arba onot Arba onot

Le'olamim ani achlom itach Ve'et ha'kol nagshim Le'olamim sheli zeh gam shelach Kol ha'chayim le'olamim

She'titzveri li et ha'lev Ki hu shelach shelach le'olamim Gam im ha'olam ha'zeh yitafech Niyeh le'olamim

בתוך כל השירים לעולמים אני אסכים

שתשרטי לי את הלב לעוד כאב ממך לעולמים גם אם העולם הזה יתהפך נהיה לעולמים

Chorus

מי

יתן שבטוב וברע נזדקן שנדע לתקן ולבנות שנבין שללב כמו לטבע

> יש ארבע עונות ארבע עונות

לעולמים אני אחלום איתך ואת הכל נגשים לעולמים שלי זה גם שלך כל החיים לעולמים

שתצבעי לי את הלב כי הוא שלך שלך לעולמים גם אם העולם הזה יתהפך נהיה לעולמים

לעולמים אני אכתוב אותך Forever, I will write for you Inside all the songs עולמים אני ארצה אותך I will forever want you I will forever agree

> That you will sing my heart More pain from you forever Even if this world upends We'll be forever

Chorus Who

Will let good and bad grow old Will let us know how to fix and build Will let us understand that heart is like

There are four seasons Four seasons

I'll dream to you forever And everything is accessible Forever, all that is mine is also yours Our whole lives are forever

Paint my heart Because it is yours, yours forever Even if this world upends We'll be forever

Ashir Lachem (אשיר לכם)

(Israel)

A classic dance, in 4/4 time, but with a more complicated rhythmic structure than is found in most Israeli dances. There is syncopation, and certain footwork patterns break unevenly across measures.



Arranged by:	Naftaly Kadosh	Year:	1991

Pronunciation: ah-SHEER lah-HEM Translatio I Will Sing for You

n:

<u>H</u> as in J.S. Bach Composer Tzion Sharabi

.

Meter: 2/4 Lyricist: Tzion Sharabi

Singer: Chayim Tzadok

Formation: Circle, hands held

Steps & Relatively quick, syncopated, sharp and precise footwork.

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

8 meas <u>INTRODUCTION</u>. No action. Singer begins with, "nai nai nai," and dance begins

on the 3rd "nai."

I. FIGURE 1: BOUNCING

Facing center, holding hands.

Drop weight bending both knees and hold (1-2), two bounces (3, 4) on R foot, freeing

L. Rhythm: slow, quick, quick.

Back Yemenite: L back (1), R back (2), L forward (3). Hold (4).

Quick full turn over the L shoulder: R steps forward (1), pivot on R ball to turn over L

shoulder ½ to face out and transfer weight to L (2), step forward on R and pivot on it

over L shoulder to face in (3). Hold.

4 Same as meas. 2.

Balance R: step R to R (1), hold (2), L cross behind R and rock onto it (3), rock

weight back onto R (4).

Balance L (same as meas. 5, but opp. ftwk.)

- 7-8 Syncopated grapevine: R to R side (1), hold (2), L behind (3), R to R side (4), L cross in front (5), hold (6), swing R and close it next to L (7), hold (8).
- 9 Yemenite R: sway R (1), sway L (2), cross R over (3), hold (4).
- 10 Yemenite L (1-4).
- The second time only, there is an additional 4-count transition: Close R next to L(1), hold (2), two bounces (3, 4) on both feet. Next part begins with R free.

II. FIGURE 2: STOMP STAMP

- 1-2 Syncopated grapevine: R to R side (1), hold (2), L behind (3), R to R side (4), L cross in front (5), hold (6), slight kick of R to R side (7), step onto R (8).
- 3 Slow grapevine: L cross in front (1), hold (2), R to R side (3), hold (4).
- Fast grapevine: L cross behind (1), R to R side (2), L cross in front (3), stomp R next to L (4), keeping weight on L.
- 5 Stamp R to R side (1) transferring weight to R. (The stomp-stamp connect meas. 4 and 5 without any break.) Hold (2), L cross behind R (3), R to R side (4).
- L cross over R and rock onto it (1), rock back in place on R (2), L steps to L side (3), close R next to L with stomp (4), keeping weight on L and twisting torso about 30° to the right.
- 7-8 Stamp R to R side (1) transferring weight to R, twisting torso about 30° to the L of center. (This is the same stomp-stamp as in meas. 4-5, with the addition of the twist.) Hold (2). Yemenite L: sway L (3), sway R (4), cross L over R (5), hold (6). Bring R next to L and close without weight (7), hold (8).

III. FIGURE 3: CHORUS (*PIZMON*)

- Twist 30° left, dropping weight on both feet and bending both knees (1), hold (2). Bounce twice (3, 4), twisting to face center again.
- 2 Same as meas. 1, but twist to the R.
- Big step back on R and rock on it (1), hold (2), rock in place on L (3), hold (4).
- 4 Rock on R (1), rock on L (2), step R forward next to L, closing without weight (3), hold (4).
- Walk forward two steps: R (1), L (3).
- Yemenite R: sway R (1), sway L (2), cross R over L (3), hold (4).
- 7 Yemenite L (1-4).
- 8 Walk backward two steps: R (1), L (3).

9-10 The second time only there are two extra measures: Yemenite R (1-4), Yemenite L (5-8).

<u>Sequence</u>. I, I (with one extra meas.), II, II, III (with two extra meas.). The final time through the music, end by closing R next to L and bending both knees.

Presented by Aaron Alpert

Od me'ir yare'ach kat umechayech el chaloni od zru'im hakochavim bachalomi utzchoko shel yeled kat mitgalegl vesochef ve'ani mekitz pit'om beshir ohev

Pizmon

Shir ashir lachem mekoli kepa'amon manginat hashir nod'a yom chadash hayom. Shir ashir lachem ve'anu li be'amon ad sheha'olam kulo yitz'taref bekol lapizmon

Kvar motzi hashachar le'orot ha'ir kavim mi she'lo nirdemet le'olamim ve'halev rotzeh lashir ve'lo yachol lachalot ve'ani pote'ach li beshir gadol A tiny moon still shines and smiles at my window the stars are still scattered in my deams and the laugh of a small boy rolls and sweeps and awaken suddenly in a lovely song

Chorus

I will sing you a song from my voice like a bell the music of the song announces -today's a new day I will sing you a song and answer me plentifully until the whole world will join in with one voice to the chorus

The dawn is dimming the lights of the city whoever doesn't fall asleep forever and the heart wants to sing and can't fall sick and I open up (for myself) in a big song

Ballada Le'Mayaan (בלדה למעיין)

(Israel)

The song is allegorical. It tells of a river that wishes to be great and powerful – and its wish is granted. It becomes part of the sea. However, in doing so, it loses its essence, no longer able to nourish its friends in the forest. As for the dance, Shlomo Maman's style was transformative, bringing large arm movements to Israeli dance, and this dance showcases one of the early examples of that.

Arranged by: Shlomo Maman Year: 1983

Pronunciation: bah-LAH-dah lay-may-AHN Translati Four Seasons

on:

Music: 4/4 meter Composer: Moshe Wilensky

Lyricist: Yechiel Mohar

Singer: Efrat Vile-Amit

(covered by many

others)

Formation: Circle, hands held

Steps & Slow, sweeping gestures, graceful

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

4 meas INTRODUCTION. *No action*.

I. FIGURE 1: ON THE LINE

Holding hands, moving on the CCW line.

- 1 Rock fwd on R on the line (1), rock in place on L (2), rock on R (3). Touch L fwd (4).
- 2 Repeat meas. 1, opp ftwk.
- Step fwd on the line, R foot, making a slight turn to face out (1), touch L toes next to R (2). Step fwd on the line, L foot, making a slight turn to face in (3), touch R toes next to L (4). As you face out, let go of arms, and rejoin them on ct 2. Similarly, let go and rejoin arms on ct. 4.
- Full turn over R, moving on the CCW line: R (1), L (2). Sway R (3), sway L (4)
- 5 Repeat meas. 4.
- 6 Grapevine: open R (1), L cross in front (2), open R (3), L cross behind (4).

II. FIGURE 2: INTO THE CENTER

- Facing at a diagonal, slightly R of center, step fwd and rock on R (1), rock on L (2), rock on R (3), brush L, making a large arc to face diagonal L (4).
- Facing at a diagonal, slightly L of center, repeat meas. 1 with opp ftwk.
- Facing directly center, step on R to R side and sway on it (1), sway back on L (2). Large step fwd with R and rock on it (3), rock in place on L (4). Keep hands joined, but on ct. 3, lift them high above head, and back down on ct. 4.
- 4 Step back on R (1), drag L on floor next to R (2), repeat (3, 4).

Sequence. I, I, II, II. Finish dance with meas. 1 of fig. I.

Presented by Aaron Alpert

Nashir lachem nigun yashan Nigun yashan al ma'ayan Al ma'ayan shovav Meimav hayu tzlulim tzlulim Galav hayu kchulim kchulim Me'al lechof zahav

Haya notzetz ba'avivim Haya noshek ibey ibim Chotz sedot dagan Haya marve noded ayef Vela'ilan hamitkofef Et chiyuto natan

Pizmon:

Aval me'omek nishmato hamo hama Ve'ergato shafach lesahar vechama Nishaf lane'elam velachalom nichma Velo yada el ma el ma

Ach yom echad rotet me'od Bikesh me'el haneharot Aseni na gadol Rotze ani eshed lihyot Rotze ani lizrom ligot Befele hamachol

Sho'ef ani harchek lindod Be'oz lehania tachanot Laset gishrey zahav Sho'ef ani lihyot amok Ad cheker en ve'ad en sof Im oniyot al gav

Shama ha'el lama'ayan Vechol mevukasho natan Vayolicho layam Hayam baketzef halavan Bala et shir hama'ayan Vegoralo nechtam

Hayam gadol mabua kat Mitko nimlach shiro avad Lo od yarve noded Verak dayag echad katan Shama et bchi hama'ayn Asher bikesh latzet נשיר לכם ניגון ישן ניגון ישן על מעיין על מעיין שובב מימיו היו צלולים צלולים גליו היו כחולים כחולים מעל לחול זהב

> היה נוצץ באביבים היה נושק אבי אבים חוצה שדות דגן היה מרווה נודד עייף ולאילן המתכופף את חיותו נתן

פזמון אבל בעומק נשמתו המה המה וערגתו שפך לסהר וחמה ישאף לנעלם ולחלום יכמה ולא ידע אל מה אל מה

> אך יום אחד רוטט מאוד ביקש מאל הנהרות עשני נא גדול רוצה אני אשד להיות רוצה אני לזרום לגאות בפרא המחול

שואף אני הרחק לנדוד בעוז לניע טחנות לשאת גשרי זהב שואף אני להיות עמוק עד חקר אין ועד בלי חוק עם אניות על גב

> שמע האל למעיין וכל מבוקשו נתן ויוליכו לים הים בקצף הלבן בלע את שיר המעין וגורלו נחתם

הים גדול מבוע קט מתקו נמלח שירו אבד לא עוד ירווה נודד ורק דייג אחד קטן שמע את בכי המעין אשר ביקש לצאת We will sing to you an old song An old song about a spring About a naughty spring With very clear water With very blue waves Above golden sand

It sparkled in the springtime
It kissed new beginnings
Crossing grain fields
Filling the thirst of a tired wanderer
And gave its livelihood
To a bent tree

Chorus:

But from the bottom of its soul it cried And poured it's longing to the sun and the moon Striving to the unknown and longed to the dream But did not know what exactly it wants

One day - trembling
It asked from the God of the rivers
Make me big
I want to be a waterfall
I want to run
Like the wonder of dancing

I would like to wander far To move mills strongly To carry golden bridges I want to be deep To research every thing With ships on my back

God heard the sprint
And he granted its wishes
Took him along to sea
The sea with its white foam
Swallowed the spring's song
And its destiny was signed

The sea is big a small fountain
Its sweetness filled with salt
Its song was lost
It will not satisfy the thirst of the wanderer
And only one small fisherman
Heard the spring's cry

Debka Rafiach (דבקה רפיח)

(Israel)

In the era of the British Mandate of Palestine (1920-1948), both Arabs and Jews fought British rule. Participants in the Arab Revolt and the Jewish Irgun were incarcerated, including in the Rafiach Jail in Gaza. Those prisoners developed this dance – in the Arabic *dabke* style with Hebrew lyrics – as a protest. Some sources attribute this dance to Moshe Presser, though I believe it would be misleading to give him sole credit.

Arranged by: Pioneers (see above) Year: 1946

Pronunciation: DEHB-kuh ra-fee-AH Translatio Rafiach Dance

n:

 \underline{H} as in J.S. $Bac\underline{h}$ Composer Arabic

:

Meter: 4/4 Lyricist: Emmanuel Zamir

Singer: Ofra Haza

Formation: Short open lines, moving in a circle, hands joined

Steps & Bouncy steps, lots of strength, with a defiant attitude

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

8 meas <u>INTRODUCTION</u>. No action. Dance begins with the singing. There is a tendency to

want to begin too early after only 4 meas. – resist the urge.

I. FIGURE 1: HEELS

Short lines, hands held in lower V position, moving CCW in a circle, facing center

- 1 R heel touches four times, to the front (1), to the R (2), front (3), R (4).
- Walk two debka steps on the circle line, R (1), L (2), facing CCW line. Close R next

to L (3) turning to face center and keeping weight on L, and bounce (4).

A debka step lands with the heel on (1) and the rest of the foot rolls down on (&).

- 3-4 Repeat meas. 1-2.
- 5 R heel to the front (1), R touch and step to the R (2). Walk on the CCW line with L

(3), and close R next to L (4) turning to face center and keeping weight on L.

- 6-10 Repeat meas. 5.
 - II. FIGURE 2: TO THE LIGHT

- Bounce 4 times on both feet (1, 2, 3, 4).
- Moving into the center, step R forward (1), step L slightly fwd but not in front of the R (&), strong step fwd on R (2). Step back on L (3), step back on R with weight, closing it next to L (4).
- Moving along CCW line, step L (1), step R (2) to face center, close L next to R (3), bounce (4).

III. FIGURE 3: SHOULDERS

Hands on shoulders, moving quickly on CCW line, facing center. Looking proudly toward the right.

- R steps strongly to R side (1), L crosses behind R (&). Repeat 3 more times (2&, 3&, 4&).
- 2 Snap head to look L, and repeat meas. 1 ftwk.
- 3 Snap head to look R, and repeat meas. 1 ftwk.
- 4 Snap head to look L, and repeat meas. 1 ftwk.

IV. FIGURE 4: STOMP

Rejoin hands in lower V position. Fig. IV is an emphatic version of Fig. I, meas. 5-10.

Strong stomp of R forward, twisting entire body to the L, and looking down at floor while slightly bending knees (1). Return to upright posture, turning to face CCW line, and debka step R (2), step L (3), close R next to L without weight and face center (4).

2-6 Repeat meas. 1.

V. FIGURE 4: DOWN AND UP

- Moving into the center and leading with R shoulder, drop the R shoulder and head down, step R fwd (1), step L slightly fwd but staying behind R (&), step R fwd (2). Continuing into the center, leading with the L shoulder, stand upright, tall and proud, and step L fwd (2), step R slightly fwd but staying behind L (&), step L fwd (4).
- 2 Repeat meas. 1.
- Moving backwards, step R (1), L (2), R (3), close L next to R with weight (4).

Sequence. I, II, III, IV, V. Repeat.

Presented by Aaron Alpert

לי יומי ולי לילי ובקרי לי תמולי לי וערבי לי

רד היום לפאת הים והלילה לילה כבר פרש ואדרת אפל לי

עד אור עד אור עד אור תאור לי שמש שמש לי תאור Li yomi ve'li leili U'vokri li Tmoli li ve'arvi li

Rad hayom lif'at hayam Vehalaila laila kvar paras Va'aderet ofel li

Adei or, adei or Adei or tei'or li shemesh Shemesh li tei'or My day is mine, and my night And my morning is mine My yesterday and my evening are mine

The day goes down to the edge of the sea And the night has already spread out And I have a cloak of darkness

To the light, to the light
To the light, the sun will shine for me
The sun will shine for me

Ha'Rechov Ha'Gadol (הרחוב הגדול)

(Israel)

The words were written in 1936 as a poem – part of the Hebrew revival movement – by Natan Alterman. They are especially lyrical in quality, and make heavy use of metaphor. A big street is personified as a sad nobleman, made tired by the constant traffic of fishmongers, grocers, shoppers, etc., but at night, he rests, as the cold asphalt is silent.

Arranged by: Shmulik Gov-Ari Year: 1987

Pronunciation: hah-reh-<u>H</u>OHV hah-gah-DOHL Translatio The Big Street

n:

<u>H</u> as in J.S. Bac<u>h</u> Composer Roni Yedidiya

:

Meter: 4/4 Lyricist: Natan Alterman

Singer: Roni Yedidiya

Formation: Circle, holding hands

Steps & Large and energetic steps

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

13 meas INTRODUCTION. *No action. Dance begins with the singing.*

I. FIGURE 1: GRAPEVINE

Holding hands in a circle, facing center.

Grapevine along the CCW line: open R (1), L cross in front (2), open R to R side (3),

L cross behind (4).

2 Slide together twice: R to R side (1), L closes next to R (2), repeat (3, 4).

Pas de basque R: open R to R side (1), step L crossing over R and rock on it (&), rock

in place on R (2). Pas de basque L (3, &, 4).

4 Step fwd on R (1), large step fwd on L turning body so L shoulder is toward center

(2), step in place on R (3), step back on L and face center (4).

II. FIGURE 2: HOP BACK

Facing CCW line.

1 Two steps on the circle line: R (1), L (2). Hop on L making 1/2 turn over L shoulder

(3). Step backwards on R (4).

Two cha chas backwards on the CCW line: L (1), R (&), L (2). R (3), L (&), R (4). 2 Despite the 1/2 turn, your body's center moves continuously and smoothly on the CCW during meas. 1-2. Repeat meas. 1-2, opposite ftwk, opposite direction (CW line). 3-4 Two steps on the CCW line: R (1), L (2). Hop on L, crossing R over in a large arc and 5 making 1/4 turn to face the center (3), step on R (4). Moving toward the center, three steps in a criss cross pattern: L(1), R(2), L(3). Hop 6 in place on L (4). 7 Pas de basque R (1, &, 2) and L (3, &, 4). 8 Four step full turn over R shoulder to return to the original circle line, ready to return to the beginning of the dance. Sequence. Three times through: I, I, II. Fourth time through: I, I.

Presented by Aaron Alpert

בְּצַלְצוּל מָגַן וְקוֹל נִתְקּל בְּקוֹל בָּנְגֹהוֹת אָבָק בְּקּשֶׁת מַלְכוּתִית בֵּין שׁוּרוֹת בָּתִּים נוֹסַעַ רְחוֹב גָּדוֹל בָּמֵדִי בַּרָזַל וְשָׁמֵשׁ וּזְכוּכִית

מָן הַצַּד עִמְדוּ נָא וְהַבִּיטוּ אֵיהְ הוּא רוֹכֵב לְאַט בְּתוֹךְ הַמְּעַרְבּּלֶת כְּאַבִּיר עָצוּב גָבוֹהַ וּמְחַיֵּהְ אֶל מוֹכְרוֹת דָּגִים וַחֲנֵיוֹת־מַכּּלֶת

בּיָמִים הָאֵלֶּה לֹא פָּסְקוּ מִלֶּכֶת טַחֲנוֹת הָעִיר הַזּוֹ הַחֲטַנּוֹת בִּנְהִימַת הָאֶבֶן בְּחֵרוּק מַתָּכֶת בָּנְתִחֵי שָׁמַיִם שַׁבַּחַלוֹנוֹת

כְּתָמִיד בַּשׁוּק חַיַּת הָמוֹן נוֹשֶּׁמֶת כְּתָמִיד הָאוֹר שׁוֹאֵג בְּלִי הָפּוּגוֹת כְּתָמִיד מִלְמַעְּלָה קַרְנְסֵי הַשֶּׁמֶש בָּחֵמַה שָׁפּוּכָה מַכִּים עַל הַגַּגוֹת בָּחֵמֵה שָׁפּוּכָה מַכִּים עַל הַגַּגוֹת

רַק לְעַת הַלַּיְלָה הוּא נוֹפֵל אַפִּים וְנוֹשֵׁךְ בְּלִי קוֹל אֶת הָאסְפַּלְט הַקֵּר שְׁעוֹנֵי הָעִיר אוֹמְרִים בְּיַחַד: שְׁתַּיִם וְיוֹתֵר מִזָּה אֵין אִישׁ יָכוֹל לוֹמֵר Batzeltul magen vekol natkal bakol Bingohot avak bakeshet malchutit Bein shurot batim nosea rechov gadol Bamadei barzel va'shemesh u'zukuchit

Min hatzad imdu nah ve'habetu eich Hu rochev le'at betoch hamarbolet Ka'abir atzuv gavo'a u'mchayech El mochrot dagim va'hanehyot-makolet

Ba'yamim haeleh lo pasku milechet Tachanot ha'ir ha'zo hachasehnot Binhimat ha'even becherok matehchet Benitchai shamayim shebachalonot

Ketamid bashuk chayat hamon nosemet Ketamid ha'or shoeg b'li hafugot Ketamid milmala kernaseh hashemesh Bachima shfucha makim al hagagot

Rak le'et ha'lailah hu nofil alpayim Ve'noshech b'li kol et ha'asfalt hakar Sheoneh ha'ir omrim beyachad: shtayim Ve'yoter mizeh ish yachol lomar

K'sheat Halacht (כשאת הלכת)

(Israel)

This dance was created by Sagi Azran, who was born in Israel, but moved to Los Angeles in his mid-20s. The dance is all about nuance, detail, and connection. For example, when the song says, "tachzeri!" ("come back!") at the beginning of the chorus figure, you separate from your partner and then come back.



Arranged by: Sagi Azran Year: 2015

Pronunciation: kshay-AHT hah-LAHT Translatio When You Left

n:

<u>H</u> as in J.S. Bach Composer Stav Shemes

.

Meter: 4/4 Lyricist: Uri Ben Ari

Singer: Moshe Peretz

Formation: Partners, arranged in a circle, facing counterclockwise with men on the

left

Steps & Slow, with a strong connection between the dance partners

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

4 meas INTRODUCTION. *No action. Dance begins with the singing.*

I. FIGURE 1: VERSE

Facing the counterclockwise line, Varsouvienne position, with men to the left of and slightly behind the women. Both have R foot free.

1 Grapevine along the CCW line: open R (1), L cross in front (2), open R to R side (3),

L cross behind (4).

2 Cha cha: step R (1), little step L (&), step R (2). Step fwd on L and rock on it (3), rock

in place on R (4).

Meas. 3-4 will mirror meas. 1-2. L shoulder will lead as you move toward center.

Grapevine moving in toward the center: open L to L side (1), cross R in front (2),

open L to side (3), R behind (4).

Cha cha toward center: step L (1), little step R (&), step R (2). Step fwd on R and rock

on it (3), rock in place on L (4).

5 Stepping L to the L side, sway L (1), sway R (2). W take a full turn over L shoulder, with R (3), L (4). M do not turn, but take two small steps in place (3, 4) and assist the W with the turn. Keep the R hands joined as women turn under the arms.

Both rock on R toward the center (1), rock in place on L (2). W make a full turn over the R shoulder with R (3) and L (4). M do not turn, but take two small steps in place (3, 4) to assist the W with the turn. Keep the R hands joined as W turn under the arms.

Sway R (1), sway L (2). Cross R over L and rock on it (3), rock in place on L (4).

W make a 3/4 turn over the R shoulder with R (1) and L (2) to face the M. M take two small steps in place (1, 2), making a small 1/4 turn to the R to face the W. Keep the L hands joined as W turn under the arms. Using L hand to give weight, both M and W rock back on R (3), in place on L (4).

The first time through Fig. I, rejoin R hands in Varsouvienne position and face the CCW line to repeat the figure. The second time, stay with W facing toward center, M facing out.

IIA. FIGURE 2A: CHORUS A

6

7

8

1

2

3

4

Partners are face-to-face, with W facing toward the center of the circle.

Both make a full turn to the R, along the circle line, with ftwk R (1), L (2). Continue along the line with cha cha: R (3), L (&), R (4).

M have moved CW, while W have moved CCW. Each person will end up, approximately, in front of the person "two corners to the R."

Cross L over R and rock on it (1), rock in place on R (2). Open L to L side along the line (3), cross R over L (4).

W will essentially mirror meas. 1-2, to the L. For M, the turn is different.

W make a full turn to the L, along the CW line, with ftwk R (1), L (2). At this point, W should be approximately aligned with their own, original partner. W continue along the line with a cha cha (3, &, 4).

M make a *half* turn to the L, moving on the CCW line, to end facing the center, with ftwk (1, 2). They change their direction of travel, with a cha cha to the L, which moves on the CW line (3, &, 4).

Because W made a full turn, but M only a half turn, both partners are facing center, M in front, and moving together in the CW direction for cts. 3-4.

Both cross R over L and rock on it (1), rock in place on L (2).

W open R to R side (1), cross L in front (2). M make a 1/2 turn over R to face the W with R (3), L (4), moving slighlty CCW on the line.

Partners take L hands, and use it to give weight as they rock back on R (1), rock in place on L (2). Step fwd on R toward partner and rock (1), rock in place on L (2). For cts. 1-2, R arms make a large circle up and away from the partner. On ct. 3, partners gently high-five.

Both rock back on R (1), rock in place on L (2), no arm circling. Keeping L hands joined, W make a full turn over L shoulder with ftwk R (3), L (4), under the arms. M use the L arms to assist the W, and they make a 1/2 turn over L shoulder, ftwk R (3), L (4). Both end up facing center, M slightly to the L of and behind W, and they join hands in lower Varsouvienne position.

Both walk toward center, R (1), L (2). Rock fwd on R (3), rock in place on L (4).

Keep L-to-L and R-to-R hands joined in this measure.

Turning 1/2 over R to face out, both take two steps out, R (1), L (2). While turning to face out, M lift L arms over W's head, and M and W make eye contact.

M take two more steps moving out, R (3), L (4). W turn 1/2 over L to face in with ftwk R (3), L (4), as they continue moving out. In quick succession, M lift the L arms over W's head, and then lift R arms over W's head. W are turning under both sets of arms.

IIB. FIGURE 2B: CHORUS B

1-5 Identical to Fig. 2A, meas. 1-5.

7

8

8

Similar to Fig. 2A, meas. 6, *except* W make only 3/4 turn in cts. 3-4, and M make only 1/4 turn. Both end up facing the CCW line, M slightly to the L of and behind W, and they join hands in lower Varsouvienne position.

Walk fwd on CCW line, R (1), L (2). Rock fwd on R (3), rock in place on L (4).

Turning 1/4 R to face out, and moving back on the CW line, open R to R side (1), cross L in front (2), sway R (3), sway L (4). On ct. 4, turn 1/4 L to face the CCW line. Keep arms joined, but on ct. 4, bring the R hands up to upper Varsouvienne position.

9-10 Repeat meas. 7-8, except with arms in *upper* Varsouvienne.

10* The second time through the dance, there is a small change to meas. 10 of this figure (which is very similar to meas. 8 of Fig. IIA):

Turning 1/4 over R to face out, M take two steps on the CW line, R (1), L (2). W turn 3/4 over R to face the M, ftwk R (1), L (2). While turning to face out, M lift L arms over W's head, and W turn under the arms.

M rock back on R (3), rock in place on L (4). W make a full turn over L to face M with ftwk R (3), L (4). In quick succession, M lift the L arms over W's head, and then lift R arms over W's head. W are turning under both sets of arms.

Sequence. I, I, IIA, IIB, I, I, IIA, IIB*, IIB*

Presented by Aaron Alpert

כשאת הלכת הכול הפך אפור שיבוא הבוקר וישפוך קצת אור

מעל העיר שלי

אני והמעיל שלי מתים מקור

והשגרה הזאת כבדה כל כך

מי יחזיק אותי כשאני נופל לבד

על המיטה שלי

אני והעולם שלי כולו שלך

תחזרי, אני כל כך פוחד

אוהב אותך וגם כל כך שונא

תמיד לכאוב אותד

קשה לי לא לראות אותך יותר

והאמת שאני לא כזה חזק

כמו שחשבתי שאהיה כשאת

תצאי מתוך תוכי

איך זה שורף אותי לאט

כל כך קשה לי ליהנות

את מלכלכת לי ת'מחשבות

באמצע יום יפה

הלב שלי כל כך צמא לאהבה

הכול כל כך פשוט ומסובך

אני רוצה לדעת מה את עושה עכשיו

כשאת כבר לא איתי מי לקח את המקום שכבר מזמן

לא שלי

K'sheat halacht ha'kol hafach afor Sheyavo ha'boker ve'yishpoch k'tzat or Me'al ha'ir sheli

Ani ve'hamael sheli meitim mikor Ve'hashigra ha'zot k'veda kol kach Mi yachzik oti k'sheani nofel levad Al hamita sheli

Ani ve'haolam sheli kulo shelach

Pizmon

Tachzeri, ani kol kach poched Ohev otach, ve'gam kol kach soneh

Tamid lichov otach

K'she li lo lirot otach yoter Ve'haemet sheani lo kazeh chazak K'mo she'chashavti sheviyeh k'sheat

Tetzi mitoch tochi

Eich zeh soref oti le'at

Kol kach k'she li lehanot At melachlechet li ta'machshavot Ba'emtza vom vafeh Halev sheli kol kach tzameh le'ahava Ha'kol kol kach pashut ve'mesuvach K'sheat k'var lo iti

Ani rotzeh ladaat mah at oseh achshav Mi likach et ha'makom shekvar mizman Lo sheli

When you left, everything turned gray When morning comes and spills some light Above my city

My coat and I are dying from the cold And my routine is so difficult Who will grab me when I fall alone On my bed

I and my whole world is entirely yours.

Chorus

Come back, I'm so scared I love you and also hate you so much And it always hurts you It's hard for me not to see you anymore And the truth is, I'm not that strong Like I thought I would be – like you You will untangle your essence from mine How it burn me, slowly

It's so hard for me to enjoy Your sullying my thoughts In the middle of a beautiful day My heart is so thirsty for love Everything is so simple and complicated I want to know what you're doing now When you're not with me anymore Who took that place long That isn't mine

Shimri Li Al Ha'mangina (שמרי לי על המנגינה)

(Israel)



This is a classic done in most Israeli dance sessions worldwide. However, it has undergone significant edits due to the "folk process," and most dancers do a simpler version than the original choreography noted below.

Arranged by: Shlomo Maman Year: 1979

Pronunciation: sheem-REE LEE ALL Translati Preserve the Melody

hah-mahn-gee-NAH on: for Me

Music: 4/4 meter Composer: Dov Zeltser

Lyricist: Chaim Chefer

Singer: Yehoram Ga'on

Formation: Partners, arranged in a circle

Steps & Slow, and elegant, with a deep connection to one's partner

Styling:

Meas 4/4 meter Pattern

8 meas <u>INTRODUCTION</u>. *No action. Dance starts with the singing.*

I. FIGURE 1: ALONG THE LINE

Varsouvienne position, M on L, facing CCW line, R foot free for M and W.

- Both brush R (1) and hold (2). Step fwd on R and rock (3), rock in place on L (4).
- 2 Step back on R and rock (1), rock in place on L (2). W turn 1/2 over R shoulder to face M along the line: R (3), L (4). M take 2 steps in place: R (3), L (4). Keep hands joined; W turn under L arms.
- M walk fwd 3 steps on the CCW line. W walk bkwd 3 steps on CCW line. Both: R (1), L (2), R (3), hold (4).
- W turn 1/2 to the L in 3 steps, and end up on M's R side in Varsouvienne. M take 3 steps in place. Both: L (1), R (2), L (3), hold (4).
- Both sway R (1), L (2). W step on R (3), crossing in front of M to his L side and making 1/2 turn over L to face CW, lean toward R (4). M step slightly to the R (3) and lean R (4). Let go of R hands on ct 3, but keep L hands joined.
- M take 3 small steps to advance slightly on the CCW line. W take 3 small steps turning 1/2 over L shoulder to come shoulder-to-shoulder with M on his L side. Both: L (1), R (2), L (3), hold (4). Join L hands in promenade position.

7		Both walk 3 steps on CCW line: R (1), L (2), R (3), hold (4).
8		W cross in front of the M and make 1/2 turn over R shoulder to end up in Varsouvienne on M's R side in 3 steps. M take 3 steps in place. Both: L (1), R (2), L (3), hold (4). Keep hands joined; W turn under both sets of arms.
		2nd time through Fig. I, both make a $1/4$ turn to L on meas. 8 ct. 4 to face each other.
	II.	FIGURE 2: CHORUS
		Drop both hands, face-to-face, with M facing out, W facing center.
1		Partners separate with a full turn over R shoulder (M along CW line, W along CCW line): R (1), L (2), R (3), lean and hold (4).
2		Full turn back to face partner: L(1), R(2), L(3), hold (4).
3		Back Yemenite: step back on R (1), back on L (2), fwd on R (3), hold (4). On ct 4, join L hand to L hand high (above head) and R hand to R hand low (waist).
4		Exchange places, traveling with partner on your R side. W take 3 steps fwd making 1/2 turn over L shoulder. M take 3 steps fwd making 1/2 over L shoulder. Both: L (1), R (2), L (3), hold (4). Let go of R hands on ct 1, but keep L hands joined; M go under L arms.
5-8		Repeat meas 1-4, same ftwk, but with M on outside facing center, W on inside facing out.
9		Both sway R (1), sway L (2), sway fwd on R toward partner (3), sway in place on L (4). Join R hands (over L hands) on ct 3.
10		Step back on R and rock (1), hold (2), rock in place on L (3), hold (4). On ct 3, M make 1/4 turn to L, W make 1/4 turn to R, both face CCW line, lifting R arms over W's head into Varsouvienne position.
11		Walk 3 steps: R (1), L (2), R (3), hold (4).
12		Repeat meas 11, opp ftwk.
13-16		Repeat meas 9-12.

Presented by Aaron Alpert

<u>Sequence</u>. I, I, II, II. The 3rd time through the dance, fig. II is done one extra time, with a long pause between meas 14 and 15, in which partners hold for the music.

Eini yodei'a im ani hayiti melech Aval vadai she'at hayit nesichati. U'keshesichaknu beh-"nidmeh li" veh-"nidmeh lach" Ani natati lach et keter malchuti.

Ve'at chavasht al tzamotayich et haketer Ve'anochi hirkavti akordyon al gav. Uvein yemei hachagigot lisdot haketel Hayiti shar lach beminim uve'ugav...

<u>Pizmon</u>

Shimri li al hamangina, asher hayta shelanu. Zichri ota, yalda k'tana, bechol asher telchi. Ve'et ha'akordyon, biti, asher liva otanu Ani mash'ir lach matana, bederech hamlachim.

Lema'anech libi hiksheiti kevazelet. Lema'anech pirnasti et kalvei har'chov. Lema'anech hikiti et roshi basela Velo chadalti af lerega le'ehov.

Uvaleilot kesheyashant al kar hameshi Ani kibiti et ha'or bachadarim. Vechaf yadi hayta noga'at umegasheshet Ba'akordyon asher bacha et hashirim.

Halo tamid hayit li kevavat ha'ayin K'mo yom aviv hamitmashech kol hashana. Lachen rak lach ani yatzarti yesh mei'ayin Keshemacharti kutanti ha'achrona.

Achshav gam at yoda'at she'eineni melech. Ve'ein li bayit misheli ve'ein pina. Kol ma sheyesh li hem aviv upat bemelach Ve'akordyon yashan uvo hamangina איני יודע אם הייתי מלך אבל ודאי שאת היית נסיכתי וכששיחקנו בנדמה לי ונדמה לך אני נתתי לך את כתר מלכותי

ואת חבשת על צמותייך את הכתר ואנוכי הרכבתי אקורדיון על גב ובין ימי החגיגות לשדות הקטל הייתי שר לך במינים ובעוגב

> פזמון שימרי לי על המנגינה אשר היתה שלנו זיכרי אותה ילדה קטנה בכל אשר תלכי ואת האקורדיון בתי אשר ליווה אותנו אני משאיר לך מתנה כדרך המלכים

למענך ליבי הקפתי חומות כלא למענך פרנסתי את כלבי הרחוב למענך הכיתי את ראשי בסלע ולא חדלתי אף לרגע לאהוב

ובלילות כשישנת על כר המשי אני כיביתי את האור בחדרים וכף ידי היתה נוגעת ומגששת באקורדיון אשר בכה את השירים

הלא תמיד היית לי כבבת העין ויום אביב המתמשך כל השנה לכן רק לך אני יצרתי יש מאין כשמכרתי כותונתי האחרונה

עכשיו גם את יודעת שאינני מלך ואין לי בית משלי ואין פינה כל מה שיש לי הם אביב ופת במל ואקורדיון ישן ובו המנגינה I don't know if I were a king But surely you were my princess. And when we played "Pretend" I gave you my royal crown.

And you put the crown onto your braids And I put the accordion onto my back. And between the days of celebration and the fields of carnage I would sing to you, with strings and flute...

Chorus

Preserve for me, the melody which was ours. Remember it, little girl, wherever you may go. And the accordion, my girl, which accompanied us I leave for you, a present, as kings do.

For your sake I hardened my heart like basalt. For your sake I supported the dogs of the street

For your sake I hit my head against the rock. And never stopped loving, even for a minute.

And at night while you slept on the silken pillow

I turned off the lights in the rooms. And my hand would touch, feeling its way, On the accordion which cried the songs.

Were you not always the apple of my eye Like a spring day which continues all year long.

Only for you I created something from nothing As I sold my last shirt.

Now you also know that I'm not a king. I don't have a house, not even a corner. All that I have is spring, and f bread with salt. And an old accordion, and in it is the melody.

Yaraya (יה ריה)

(Israel)

This dance is an excellent example of cultural mixing and fluidity that happens across adjacent borders. The song is in Arabic, written and sung by Algerians, but the dance is in the Moroccan style, choreographed by the son of Moroccan immigrants to Israel.



Each measure has 2 beats, and each phrase has 5 measures. It is easiest to count the dance in 10.

Arranged by: Gadi Bitton Year: 2000

Pronunciation: YA rye-YA Translatio The Traveler

n:

Meter: 2/4 Composer Dahmane El

Harrachi

Lyricist: Dahmane El

Harrachi

Singer: Rachid Taha

Formation: Circle, hands not held

Steps & Moroccan. Smooth with sharp accents. Arms and shoulders move freely.

Styling:

Meas 2/4 meter Pattern

8 meas INTRODUCTION. *No action*.

I. FIGURE 1: CHORUS

Right foot free, facing center.

1 With arms up, elbow bent, hands at shoulder height, palms facing center, sway R (1),

sway L (2).

2 R cross in front of L (1), L step to side (&), R cross in front (2). Arms come down to

your side, moving forward along a circular path centered at the elbow.

3-4 Repeat meas 1-2, opp ftwk, same hands.

Bring R foot next to L, twist with heels to R (1), twist with heels to L (2). Arms up,

elbows, hands at shoulder height hanging loosely from the wrist.

6 R steps fwd to ctr, slightly to the R (1), L steps next to R (2). Clap on cts 1, 2, in the Moroccan style: hands slightly above the head, fingers spread, striking the palms and balls of the hand. 7 Repeat meas 6 with opp ftwk. 8 Small step bkwd R (1), L (2), with hands palms up, over the head, moving R and L. 9 Small step bkwd R (1), L (2), with hands palms up, at waist level, moving R and L. 10 Repeat meas 9. II. CHORUS: CLAP FORWARD 1 Sway R (1), sway L (2), slightly shaking shoulders. Arms are up, elbows bent, hands held loosely at the wrist at shoulder height. Keep arms up through meas 4. 2 Cross R over L (1), L to the side (&), R cross in front (2). 3-4 Sway L (1), R (2), L (3), R (4). 5 L crosses behind (1), R to side (&), L crosses in front (2). R to side (1), L crosses behind (2). 6 7 Cha cha: R (1), L (&), R (2), making a 1/2 turn over R to face out. 8 L to side (1), R crosses behind (2). 9 Cha cha: L(1), R(&), L(2), making a 1/2 turn over L to face in. 10 Repeat twists from fig I meas 5. 11 Open R to side (1), L cross in front (2). 12 Full turn over R shoulder: R (1), L (&), R(2). 13 Facing ctr, two steps bkwd: L(1), R(2). 14 Back Yemenite: back on L (1), back on R (&), fwd on L (2). 15 Step fwd R bringing R hand up and out to the side (1), step fwd L bringing L hand up and out to the side (2). 16 Rock fwd on R clapping hands outstretched in front of you in the Moroccan style (1), rock back on L (2). Open your body, making a 1/2 turn over the R shoulder to face out, and step on R (1). 17 Rock fwd on L with the outstretched Moroccan clap (2). Rock back on R (1). Open body, making a 1/2 turn over the L shoulder to face in, step 18 on L (2). 19 Rock fwd on R with outstretched Moroccan clap (1), rock back on L (2).

Presented by Aaron Alpert

Chorus

20

Ya rayah win msafar trouh taaya wa twali? Shihal nadmou laabad el ghaflin qablak ou qabli (bis).

Shihal sheft el-boldan el-'amireen wel-borr el-khali? Shihal dhayya'et awqat w'shihal tzeed ma zal tkhali? Yal-ghayem fee blad shihal te'ya w'ma tejri. Beek wa'ed el-qodra wallah zman w'ena ma tedri.

Chorus

O Traveler, where are you going? You will eventually grow tired and come back home.

Many unwise people have regretted this before you and me.

How often have you seen overpopulated countries and desolate deserts?

How much time have you lost, and how much more do you plan to lose?

In the lands of other people, o absent one, you grow sick and remain ignorant of what's happening.

Dagopolska Rachenitsa errata

I've been working on Dagopolska Rachenitsa in preparation for teaching this dance.

Please check your notes for measures 14, 15 and 16.

Each time I view the video I see Yves do:

- 14) close L (w/o weight) to R pause step back on L
- 15) close R (w/o weight) to L pause step back on R
- 16) close L (w/o weight) to R pause step back on L
- 1) hop L step R hop R

DALGOPOLSKA RACHENITSA

Дългополска ръченица

(Bulgaria - Dobrudzha)

This line *rachenitsa* done is typical of dances from the region West of Varna on the Black Sea in N.E. Bulgaria. It is related to similar dances such as *Kutsata* or *Pandalash* in 7/8 meter.

Pronunciation: Duhl-goh-POHL-skah Ruh-cheh-NEEH-tsah

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 7/8 counted here as 1-2, 1-2, 1-2-3 or quick-quick-slow (1,2,3) **Formation:** Short lines of dancers, hands joined in W pos, wt on L, face LOD

Style: Dobrudzhan. Earthy and proud.

Style:	Dobrudzhan. Earthy and proud.
Meter: 7/8	Pattern
	Introduction, 4 meas. of music (solo gaïda). No action.
	1. Basic step
1	Facing LOD, light hop on L, raising R knee (1) step fwd on R (2) light
	hop on R, raising L knee (3)
2	Same motion as in meas 1, starting with hop on R
3	Repeat pattern of meas 1
4	Still facing LOD, three quick steps travelling bkwd, L-R-L
5	Facing slightly R, heavy (stamp-like) step on R (1) raise L knee (2)
	light hop on R raising L knee (3)
6	Facing LOD, light hop on R (1) step on L in front of R (2) step on R sideways R,
	facing ctr (3)
7	Light hop on R pick up L knee (1) step on L behind R (2) step on R next
	to L (3)
8	Stamp with L next to R, no wt (1) pause (2) step on L next to R (3)
9-11	Repeat pattern of meas 6-8 but ending with s step <u>fwd</u> R on ct 3
12	Moving fwd towards ctr, three running steps L-R-L
13	Stamp with R next to L, no wt (1) pause (2) step back on R (3)
14	Step back on L, slightly L (1) pause (2) close R to L (3)
15	Step back on R, slightly R (1) pause (2) close L to (3)
16	Repeat pattern of meas 14 but facing LOD
	Arm motions
1-5	Arms are in W pos
6	Arms extend fwd (1-2) and down at sides (3)
7	Arms swing fwd and back
8	Arms swing up to W pos, as you stamp (1) pause (2) extend arms fwd and down (3)
9-11	Same arm movements as in meas 6-7-8
12-13	Arms come up slowly to W pos
14-16	Arms extend down and continue swinging back to front

Repeat dance from beginning.

Presented by Yves Moreau

DRIANOVSKA RÂČENICA

(Izgrjala e mesečinka) (North Bulgaria)

Izgrjala e, mesečinka (2) Aljana, Galjana, portokaljana, blaga duška medena šikerjana (2)

Če ogrjala gradinčica (2) Aljana, Galjana, portokaljana, blaga duška medena šikerjana (2)

Gradinčica, Irinčica (2) Aljana, Galjana, portokaljana, blaga duška medena šikerjana (2)

Da si bere pâstra kitka (2) Aljana, Galjana, portokaljana, blaga duška medena šikerjana (2)

Rough translation:

The moon was shining on a garden, Irina's garden. I must gather a colourful bouquet.

Chorus:

Alja, Galja, so sweet and gentle like an orange, honey and sugar

DRIANOVSKA RACHENITSA

Дряновска Ръченица

(Bulgaria - Severnyashko)

A slow rachenitsa from Northeastern Bulgaria. Learned from the Sider Vojvoda Ensemble in Gorna Oryahovitsa in 1972. This style of slow rachenitsa is common to many of the historic small towns along the Balkan range often performed by older villagers in a specific slow and proud "urban" style. The dance can be done to other slow tunes in 7/8 meter (QQS) but Yves Moreau was inspired by this rendition of the popular North Bulgarian song Izgrjala e mesechinka sung a capella by Trio Bulgarka Penev.

Pronunciation: DRIAN-of-skah Ruh-tcheh-NEEH-tsah

Music: Yves Moreau CD

7/8, counted here as 1-2-, 1-2, 1-2-3 or 1,2,3 or q-q-S **Rhythm: Formation:** Mixed lines, hands up in W pos.Face LOD wt on L.

Style: Fairly large steps. Proud and calm.

Meter: 7/8 Pattern

Introduction: Four (4) meas.: "Izgrjala e mesečinka...". Dancers may do 4 "râčenica" basics from L to R 1. Travelling in LOD Step fwd on R with knee bend (1) close L to R (2) step fwd on R (3) 1 2 Step fwd on L with knee bend (1) close R to L (2) step fwd on L (3) 3 Facing ctr, large step sdwd on R to R, arms extend fwd and down (1) pause (2) step on L behind R, arms continue down (3) Step on R facing LOD, arms start to go up (1) pause (2) lift on R, arms settle in 4 W pos (3) 5 Step fwd on L in front of R (1) pause (2) lift on L, turning to face ctr and swinging R leg around fwd (3) Still facing ctr, step onto R across L in LOD (1) pause (2) lift on L, 6 picking up L ft slightly behind R leg (3) Facing ctr, light hop or lift onto R, arms extend up (1) step on L to L, arms 7 extend fwd (2) step on R behind L, arms are down (3) 8 Large step on L to L, arms begin to move upwd (1) pause (2) light hop or lift onL, arms are in W pos (3) 2. Fwd and back with arm extensions Facing ctr, large sofy step fwd onto R, simult. extending softly both arms 1 straight fwd and raising L ft off ground (1) pause (2) step onto L ft fwd,

- bending knee, arms retract to W pos (3)
- Repeat action of meas 1 2
- Lift or light hop onto L, simult. extending arms up and fwd (ct ah) large step fwd onto R, bending R knee, arms continue extension dwnd (1) pause (2) straighten R knee (3)
- Same ft action fwd beginning with opp ft, arms come back slowly to W pos 4

Drianovska Rachenitsa (cont'd) page 2

5-6	Two "râcenica" steps bkwd R-L-R, L-R-L, low bent knee style, arms in W pos
7-8	Same action as in meas 3-4 but moving bkwd
9-16	Repeat action of meas 1-8

Presented by Yves Moreau

LYASA

Ляса

(Bulgaria - Dobrudzha)

A dance from Dobrudzha in N.E. Bulgaria somewhat related to the *Daichovo* family in 9/8 meter.

Pronunciation: Lee-AHS-ah **Music:** Yves Moreau CD

Meter: 9/8. Counted here as 1-2, 1-2, 1-2-3 or qqqs or cts 1-2-3-4 Formation: Mixed open circle or line, hands joined down at sides (V pos).

Face R of ctr (LOD), wt on L.

Style: Earthy with slight knee bend.

Description © Yves Moreau

9/8	Description
10	Introduction: no action (first two meas are just chords)
	1. Basic pattern
1	Travelling in LOD, four steps, R-L-R-L (1-4).
2	Continuing in LOD, step R & L (1-2) step on R turning to face ctr (3) low stamp with L ft, no wt, (4)
3	Moving twd ctr, step fwd on L (1) low scuff with R next to L (2) step fwd on R, turning body to face slightly L (3) low scuff with L next to R (4)
4	Straightening body, take three steps moving back, L-R-L (1-3) stamp with R next to L, no wt. (4)
5	Move fwd towards ctr with three steps R-L-R (1-3) stamp with L next to R, no wt (4)
6	Repeat pattern of meas 6, moving bkwd, starting with L (4)
7	Turning body to face L, step back onto R (1) hold (2) step back on L (3) step on R in place (4)
8	Repeat pattern of meas 7, with opp direction and footwrk
	Hand movements
1	Arms are down in V pos
2	Arms slowly come up to end up in W pos by ct 4
3	Arms are up in W pos
4	Arms slowly come down to V pos by ct 4
5	Arms slowly come up to W pos
6	Arms slowly come down to V pos
7-8	Arms swing fwd and back, straight elbow
	Repeat dance from beginning

MELNISHKO HORO

Мелнишко хоро

(Bulgaria/Pirin-Macedonia)

Dance from around the town of Melnik, in the Pirin-Macedonian region of SW Bulgaria. It is related to another similar dance called *Deninka* from the same region.

Source: Horo dance club, Sofia.

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 7/8 counted here as 1-2-3, 1-2, 1-2 or 1, 2,3 (S-Q-Q)

Formation: Mixed line or open circle, "V" pos (hands down at sides. Face ctr, feet together

Style: Proud and earthy.

Meter 7/8	Pattern
	Introduction – 4 meas of drumming. Dance begins with <i>kaval</i> melody
	Basic pattern
1	Swing arms back (ct ah) single bounce on both ft, swinging arms fwd (1)
	lift L knee with single bounce, arms in W pos (2) step on L next to R (3)
2	Step on R in place (1) step opn L next to R (2) step slightly fwd on R (3)
3	Rock back onto L (1) rock fwd onto R (3) rock back onto L (3)
4	Large step back on R with single bounce, swinging both arms back (1)
	bounce again on both ft, arms swing fwd (2) lift L knee with arms in W pos (3)
5	Facing RLOD, three light walking steps, L-R-L
6	Turn to face LOD, extend R leg fwd and bounce twice on both feet, swing
	arms back and up again (1-2) pick up R knee (3)
7	Facing LOD, do three light walking steps, R-L-R
8	Still travelling in LOD, step on L (1) light leap onto R, turning to face ctr, extending
	both arms fwd (2) step on L, crossing behind R, arms come down to V pos (3)

Dance repeats from beginning

Description by Yves Moreau

Nevesto Cârven Trendafil (Pirin-Bulgaria)

Nevesto cârven trendafil, džanam sega si dojdo ot gurbet Što ti e sofra poslana, džanam, što ti e ručok na sofra?

Stojane mori, stopane, džanam, v selo sa borci na došli Za tuj mi sofra poslana, džanam, za tuj mi ručok na sofra

Nevesto cârven trendafil džanam, i tova da ti veruvam? Što ti e kosa smarzena džanam, što ti e elek razkopčan?

Stojane mori, stopane, džanam, decata mi sa malečki Za tuj mi kosa smarzena džanam, za tuj mi elek razkopčan!

Rough translation:

Oh my dear bride, my red rose, I've come back from working abroad Why is the table all set and what is all that food?

My dear Stojan, some (freedom) fighters came to the village and that's why the table was set.

My dear wife, do you really expect me to believe you? Why is your hair all messed up and your jacket unbuttoned? My dear Stojan, it's because I now have small children...

NEVESTO TSARVEN TRENDAFIL

(Pirin-Bulgaria)

A Macedonian dance from the Pirin region of Bulgaria. Similar forms are also found in Western Macedonia (ex-Yugoslavia) under various names (*Acana Mlada Nevesto*, etc.). It is also related to the popular Čocek or Kupurlika. Learned from the Goce Delchev Macedonian Society, Sofia, 1966.

Translation: Bride, Red Rose

Pronunciation: NEH-vess-toh TSAR-vehn tren-DAH-feel

Music: Yves Moreau workshop CD

Rhythm: 11/8. Counted here as 1-2-3, 1-2, 1-2, 1-2 or 1,2,3,4,5 or SLOW-

quick- quick-quick. For the actual dance, this meter is

syncopated somewhat to be counted as S-S-Q-Q

Formation: Mixed lines. Hands joined in "W" pos. Wt on L, face slightly R of ctr.

Style: Light, Macedonian with light lifts ("cukce") before stepping. Proud.

Note: The dance and the music do not match musically. The dance is only 4

meas long while the musical phrases are of various lengths.

Meter: 11/8 Pattern

1-8 Intro. music. (instrumental), no action, begin with vocal.

Basic Figure

- Facing R of ctr, step R in LOD (1) step L in LOD (2-3) turning to face ctr, step R to R (4) step L slightly in front of R (5)
- 2 Still facing ctr, step R bkwd (1) step L bkwd (2-3) step R beside L (4) step L beside R (5). **Note**: done very lightly on balls of ft.
- 3 Still facing ctr, step R fwd (1) step L fwd (2-3) closing R to L, lightly bounce twice on both ft tog (4-5)
- 4 Repeat meas 3, moving bkwd with <u>same</u> ftwk

Dance repeats from beginning to end of music.

Presented by Yves Moreau

NOVOSELSKO HORO

Новоселско хоро

(Bulgaria)

From the village of Novo Selo, near Vidin, on the Danube River in N.W. Bulgaria. This dance is sometimes known as "Turlashko" and shows definite Vlach (Romanian) influences. Learned in Novo Selo by Yves Moreau, February 1970.

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 2/4

Formation: Short lines, back basket hold. Face ctr, wt on L.

Style: Light, sharp movements.

Measure	Pattern

No intro. Start with beg of music.

1. Forward and back

- Facing ctr, step on R in front of L (1) step on L in place (2)
- 2 Step on R to R (1) step on L in front of R (2)
- 3 Step on R in place (1) step on L to L (2)
- 4 Cross R in front of L (1) step on L next to R (2)
- 5 Large step fwd on R (1) step on L in place (2)
- 6 Step on R fwd (1) hop on R extending L fwd (2)
- 7-8 Repeat pattern of meas. 4-5 but beg. with L ft
- 9 Step on R ft in place (1) step on L across R (2)
- Step on R ft in place (1) step on L next to R (2)
- 11 Step on R across L (1) step on L in place (2)
- 12 Step on R next to L (1) step on L across R (2)
- 13-16 Four reeling "step-hops" bkwd beg with R

2. Sideways and kicks

- Facing ctr, step on R to R (1) step on L in front of R (2)
- 2 Step on R to R (1) step on L behind R (2)
- Repeat pattern of meas. 1
- 4 Step on R to R (1) sharp stamp with L, no wt, next to R (2)
- 5 Step on L, turning body slightly L (1) extend R leg forward in front of L close to ground, bouncing on L (2)
- 6 Keep L leg extended to L and bounce twice on L ft (1,2)
- 7-8 Repeat pattern of meas 5-6, with opp direction & ftwrk
- 9-16 Repeat pattern of meas 1-8, with opp direction & ftwork

3. Stamps in place

- 1 Turning slightly L and leaning fwd, heavy step fwd on R, bending knee (1) step on L in place (2)
- 2 step slightly back on R (1) step on L in place (2)
- 3-4 Repeat pattern of meas. 1-2

- 5-6
- Repeat pattern of meas 7-8, Fig. II Repeat pattern of meas 5-6, Fig. II 7-8

Suggested sequence:

Do Fig. 1 twice, Fig. 2 once, Fig. 3 twice (Stamp R on last ct)

Description by Yves Moreau

RADOMIRSKA LESA

(V selo djulgere dojdoja)

(Šopluk-Bulgaria)

V selo djulgere dojdoja Stojno mi, malaj mo-Stojno mi, malaj mome Šarena česma da pravjat Stojno mi, malaj mo-Stojno, mi malaj mome, hi!

Degi vidja moma Stojna, Stojno... Grabnala stomni šareni Stojno...

Če je otišla za voda Stojno.. Pa ne mina otde da e Stojno...

Pa ne mina otde da e Stojno... De pomina kraj djulgerče Stojno...

Djulgerče na Stojna duma Stojno... Hajde Stojne, pristani mi! Stojno...

Translation:

A mason came to the village to build a well. He saw the young girl Stojna with her colorful water jugs going to fetch water. When she came close to the well, the mason said, hey Stojna, let's икх ьуьщ ьха get married.

RADOMIRSKA LESA

Радомирска Леса

(Bulgaria)

Dance from the Šopsko-Graovsko region of West Bulgaria, from the area around the town of Radomir. Source: Krassimir Petrov. This dance has 10 or 11 meas. depending on melody used. In the 10 meas version, meas. 1-5 of Fig. 1 get repeated in the other direction. This 11-meas version goes to the popular Šop song, *V selo djulgere dojdoa*.

Pronunciation: Rah-doh-MEER-skah Leh-SSAH

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 2/4

Formation: Mixed lines in "V" pos. or belt hold, L over R. Face LOD, wt on L

Style: Light and proud

Meter 2/4	Pattern
1-16	Introduction music (instrumental). No action.
	1. Basic pattern (vocal)
1	Facing LOD, small leap onto R (1) step onto L crossing in front of R (2)
2-3	Repeat action of meas. 1, two more times
4	Facing ctr, do a little "threes" (step R-L-R) sideways R (1&2)
5	Repeat pattern of meas 4 with opp dir & ftwrk
6	Repeat pattern of meas 4
7-8	Repeat pattern of meas 1 with opp dir & ftwrk (2 times)
9-11	Repeat pattern of meas 4-6 with opp dir & ftwrk
12-22	Repeat pattern of meas 1-11
	2. Forward and back (instrumental chorus)
1	Facing ctr, small leap fwd onto R (1) small step fwd onto L (2)
2	Repeat action of meas 1
3	Small stamp with R, no wt, slightly fwd and next to L (1) stamp again (2)
4	Stamp again with R ft, no wt (1) pause (2)
5-8	Repeat pattern of meas 1-4 with opp dir & ftwrk (away from ctr)
9-16	Repeat pattern of meas 1-8
	Repeat dance from beginning

Description by Yves Moreau

SREBRANSKI DANETS

Сребрански Данец

(N.W. Bulgaria)

Danec, also known as *Buenek* or *Buenec*, is a ritual dance done mostly by women for specific folk customs such as *Lazaruvane* (springtime). The movements are mostly simple walking steps travelling in various directions and often done just to singing. The arm movements here are typical for forms from Dobrudža.

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 2/4

Formation: Open circle with hands in W pos.

Style: Proud and «earthy» (slight knee bend)

Arms: Arm «waves»: Arms are held slightly fwd with bent elbows held at approx. head

height with forearms close tog. They move softly slightly up and then softly sdwd

R and L with a light «windshield wiper» style of movement.

Measure 2/4 Pattern

Introduction: 16 meas, no action.

1. Forward and back

- Facing ctr, step R fwd as L remains touching bkwd, straightening kees hands push slightly upward (1) close L beside R softly sinking onto bent L leg remaining in W pos, hands slightly lower (2)
- 2-8 Repeat meas 1, seven more times moving fwd.
- 9-16 Repeat meas 108, moving bkwd with same ftwk

Note: Leaders at either end of line may (optional) «curl» line during meas 1-8 and out during meas 9-16.

2. Sideways & stamps

- 1-6 Facing ctr, repeat fwk and arm movements of Fig. 1, moving sdwd to R.
- 7-8 Step R to R (1) two soft stamps with L beside R, no wt, elbows pull down on each stamp (and) pause (2)
- 9-16 Repeat meas 1-8, with opp ftwk, moving sdwd L.

3. Scuff fwd, wave arms

Fcing ctr, step R fwd & start waving arms sdwd R (1) light scuff or brush with L fwd – complete R arm wave (2)

Body movement: When arms wave to R, upper body leans slightly to R

- 2-6 Repeat meas 1, alternating fywk and arm motions
- 7 Strong step on R (1) strong step on L beside R (2)
- 8 Strong step on R beside L, no wt (1) hold (2)
 - Arms: During meas 7-8, the arms move up and then with fwd and down motion.
- 9-16 Repeat meas 1-8, moving bkwd with same ftwk and arm movements.

4. Travel with scuffs and reverse

- 1-6 Facing R of ctr nd moving in LOD, repeat Fig. 3, meas 1-6 (6 step-scuffs, beg R)
- Releasing hands, step R.L,R (no wt on last step) with slight accent turning ½ R (CW) hands remain in W. pos (cts 1-2 &) hold (2). End facing out.
- 9-16 With back to ctr, rejoin hands nd repeat ftwk and arm movements of meas 1-8 in RLOD. End facing ctr.

Repeat dance from beg.

Description by Yves Moreau

KAČI SE NA HISARJA (Staro Pomaško Horo) Rhodopes (Dospat)

Kači se kači, gore na Hisarja Razgledaj pole široko (2)

Tâmna e mâgla libe le padnala Padnala libe, legnala (2)

Ti da ne misliš, če e ot Boga Padnala libe, legnala (2)

Tova sa mojte, libe le vâzdiški Ot mene libe za tebe (2)

Translation:

- 1. Go up to Hisar, look on the wide field.
- 2. A dark fog has fallen, has fallen and is lying.
- 3. Don't believe this is from God, fallen and lying there.
- 4. These are my sighs, from me to you.

STARO POMASHKO

Старо Помашко

(Rhodopes - Bulgaria)

A dance from the Pomak (Moslem) villages around the town of Dospat in the Western Rhodopes. It is related to the general Širto group of dances. It is done to the song *Kači se na Hisarja*.

Pronunciation: STAH-roh Poh-MAHSH-koh

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 7/8 as 1-2-3, 1-2, 1-2 or S-q-q- or 1,2,3

Formation: Open mixed circle, hands in W pos, Face R of ctr, wt on L ft

Style: Light, soft Macedonian-style steps

Meter 7/8	Pattern
1-8	Introduction, instrumental music. Start at beginning of song
	1. Basic pattern (song)
1	Step on R in LOD (1) step on L (2) pause (3)
2	Travel 3 steps in LOD, R-L-R
3	Step onto L (1) turning to face ctr, two light bounces on L as extended R leg swings around in front of L extended close to ground
4	Facing ctr, step slightly fwd onto R (1) slight lift onto ball of R, bringing L leg behind R knee (2) pause (3)
5	Step slightly fwd onto L (1) raise R leg in front of L, bent knee (2) pause (3)
6	Bring R leg around to "lock" behind L knee with slight lift onto L (1) come down onto full L ft (2) pause (,3)
7	Step back onto R (1) slight lift onto R (2) step back onto L (3)
8	Two small steps in place, R-L (1-2) small step fwd onto R (3)
9-11	Repeat pattern of meas 5-7
12	Step back onto R (1) close L to R, with wt (2) pause (3)
	2. Travel Figure (instrumental)
1	Travelling in LOD, three steps R-L-R
2	Travelling in LOD, three steps L-R-L
3	Facing ctr, step on R to R (1) lift onto R ft, simultaneously picking up L leg and out to L (2) step onto L behind R (3)
4	Facing ctr, step on R to R (1) close L to R with wt, lifting slightly onto R (2) pause (3)
5-8	Repeat pattern of meas 1-4, one more time
	Dance repeats from beginning

Description © by Yves Moreau

TSONKOVO HORO

Цонково хоро

(Trakia - Bulgaria)

A variation on the Thracian Pravo learned from Tsonko Stoyanov, Bulgarian choreographer living in Montreal, Canada.

Music: Yves Moreau CD

Rhythm: 2/4

Formation: Open circle, Hands joined down at sides «V» pos. Face LOD, wt on L

Style: Earthy.

Meter 2/4	Pattern	
	16-meas instrumental introduction - Start dance with singing	
	Basic pattern	
1	Facing LOD, step on R (1) light hop on R picking up L knee (2)	
2	Step on L (1) light hop on L picking up R knee (2)	
3	Facing ctr, step on R to R (1) step on L behind R (2)	
4	Step on R to R (1) step on L in front of R (2)	
5	Step on R in place (1) light hop on R picking up L knee (2)	
6	Step back slightly on L (1) light hop on L picking up R knee (2)	
7	Still facing ctr, step on R to R (1) step on L in front of R (2)	
8	Step on R to R (1) step on L behind R (2)	
9	Large step on R twd ctr (1) small hop on R extending L leg fwd (2)	
10	Step fwd on L (1) stamp with R next to L, no wt (2)	
11	Step-sway to R onto R (1) step on L in place (2)	
12	Cross R in front of L (1) step on L in place (2)	
13	Step on R in place, bending R knee (1) light step onto ball of L ft (&)	
	step onto R (2)	
4	Step on L in place (1) stamp with R next to L, no wt (2)	
15-16	Take four steps moving back R-L-R-L	

Dance repeats from beginning

Presented by Yves Moreau